

**KEY INDICATOR:**

# Premature Age-Adjusted Mortality Rate

## Why is this important?

Premature age-adjusted mortality measures the number of deaths among residents under the age of 75 per 100,000 population. It is a general measure of population health. Understanding premature mortality rates across localities and investigating the underlying causes of high rates of premature death can provide insight into the strategies and interventions needed to improve the health of people in our community.

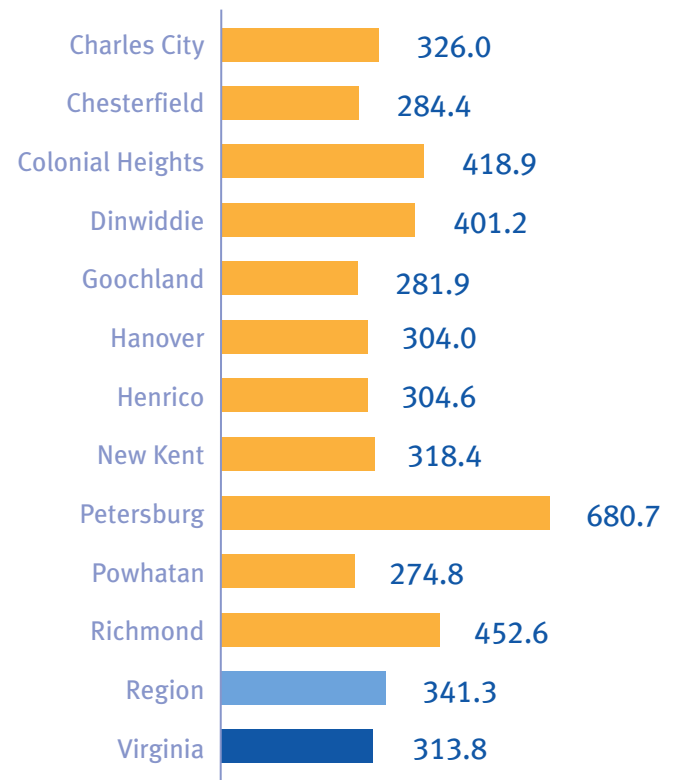


**Premature Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates (per 100,000 population)**

Locality	2010-2012	2013-2015
Charles City	461.2	326.0
Chesterfield	283.2	284.4
Colonial Heights	369.5	418.9
Dinwiddie	400.9	401.2
Goochland	265.2	281.9
Hanover	291.1	304.0
Henrico	298.9	304.6
New Kent	312.6	318.4
Petersburg	589.7	680.7
Powhatan	267.2	274.8
Richmond	498.8	452.6
<b>Region</b>	<b>343.9</b>	<b>341.3</b>
<b>Virginia</b>	<b>317.6</b>	<b>313.8</b>

**Premature Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates (per 100,000 population)**

2013-2015



Source: County Health Rankings ([www.countyhealthrankings.org](http://www.countyhealthrankings.org)), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, WONDER mortality data.